

Grammar

Adjectives: _____

Spot the adjectives:

The red ball fell onto the floor,
which was wet.

Grammar

Adjectives describe things

They describe the **noun** or **pronoun**

Spot the adjectives:

The **red** ball fell onto the floor,
which was **wet**.

Grammar

Adverbs: _____

Spot the adverbs:

Later, he decided to read quietly.

Grammar

Adverbs describe **how, when** or
where something happened

They describe words **other than nouns**.

Spot the adverbs:

Later, he decided to read **quietly**.

Grammar

Adverbial phrases: _____

Spot the adverbial phrase:

Before the alarm rang, he was sleeping.

Grammar

Adverbial phrases are a group of
words that do the job of an **adverb**

They describe words other than nouns.

Spot the adverbial phrase:

Before the alarm rang, he was sleeping.

Grammar

Antonyms: _____

Spot the pair of antonyms:

The young girl walked slowly along the road.
She would never catch up with the old man.

Grammar

Antonyms are words that mean
the **opposite** of one another

Spot the pair of antonyms:

The **young** girl walked slowly along the road.
She would never catch up with the **old** man.

Grammar

Main clause: _____

Spot the main clause:

The boys, who were all eight-years-old,
ran along the busy road.

Grammar

The **main clause** is the most
important clause in a sentence

It should make sense by itself.

Spot the main clause:

The boys, who were all eight-years-old,
ran along the busy road.

Grammar

Subordinate clause: _____

Spot the subordinate clause:

Until the girl came back, nobody could
remember what had happened.

Grammar

The **subordinate clause** depends
on the main clause to make sense

It **cannot** be a sentence by itself.

Spot the subordinate clause:

Until the girl came back, nobody could
remember what had happened.

Grammar

Coordinating conjunction:

Spot the coordinating conjunction:

I like playing football **and** rugby.

Grammar

Coordinating conjunctions link two
words or phrases as an equal pair

E.g. and, but, so, or

Spot the coordinating conjunction:

I like playing football **and** rugby.

Grammar

Subordinating conjunction:

Spot the subordinating conjunction:

He walked home, **even though** it was raining.

Grammar

Subordinating conjunctions
introduce a subordinate clause

E.g. although, because, unless

Spot the subordinating conjunction:

He walked home, **even though** it was raining.

Grammar

Contractions: _____

Spot the contractions:

The boys ran away. They'd left their coats behind but wouldn't come back.

Grammar

Contractions are where two words are **shortened** to make **one word**

An **apostrophe** shows where letters are **missing**

Spot the contractions:

The boys ran away. **They'd** left their coats behind but **wouldn't** come back.

Grammar

Determiners: _____

Spot the determiners:

The man took ten eggs and put them in a bag.

Grammar

Determiners come **before nouns** and makes clear what the noun refers to

E.g. an, a, the, some, five, most

Spot the determiners:

The man took **ten** eggs and put them in **a** bag.

Grammar

Modal verbs: _____

Spot the modal verbs:

He could go home but he must finish this first.

Grammar

Modal verbs come **before another** verb and tell us how **possible / likely** something is

Spot the modal verbs:

He **could** go home but he **must** finish this first.

Grammar

Nouns: _____

Spot the nouns:

The boys jumped when they heard the alarm.

Grammar

Nouns are **naming** words

They are **general names** for people, animals, places, things or ideas

Spot the nouns:

The **boys** jumped when they heard the **alarm**.

Grammar

Proper nouns: _____

Spot the proper nouns:

Mr Taylor walked home along Brompton Road
to see his friend, Emma.

Grammar

Proper nouns are important names

They are **specific names** for people, places or
things and always start with a **capital letter**.

Spot the proper nouns:

Mr Taylor walked home along **Brompton Road**
to see his friend, **Emma**.

Grammar

Pronouns: _____

Spot the pronouns:

We bought a new puppy then took it home.

Grammar

Pronouns replace **nouns** or
noun phrases

E.g. I, he, it, they, we, us

Spot the pronouns:

We bought a new puppy then took **it** home.

Grammar

Noun phrases: _____

Spot the longest noun phrase:

In my pocket were lots of old and slightly sticky
sweets that I had forgotten to throw away.

Grammar

Noun phrases are a **group of words**
that do the job of **one noun**

Spot the longest noun phrase:

In my pocket were **lots of old and slightly sticky**
sweets that I had forgotten to throw away.

Grammar

Object: _____

Spot the object of the sentence:

The girl pushed me over.

Grammar

The **object** of a sentence is the
noun or **pronoun** that is having
something **done to it**

Spot the object of the sentence:

The girl pushed **me** over.

Grammar

Prefix: _____

Add a prefix to:

a) do b) part

Grammar

A **prefix** is a **letter** or **group of letters** that is added to the **beginning** of a **root word** (to change the meaning)

Add a prefix to:

a) E.g. redo, undo b) E.g. depart

Grammar

Prepositions: _____

Spot the prepositions:

They took the dog out to walk before they walked home.

Grammar

Prepositions tell you **where** or **when** something is / was compared to something else

E.g. next to, above, after, during

Spot the prepositions:

They took the dog **out** to walk **before** they walked home.

Grammar

Subject: _____

Spot the subject of the sentence:

They all hurt him.

Grammar

The **subject** of a sentence is the **noun** or **pronoun** that is **doing** what the verb says

Spot the subject of the sentence:

They all hurt him.

Grammar

Suffix: _____

Add a suffix to:

a) do b) part

Grammar

A **suffix** is a **letter** or **group of letters** that is added to the **end** of a **root word** (to change the meaning)

Add a suffix to:

a) E.g. doing b) E.g. parted, particle

Grammar

Synonyms: _____

Spot the pair of synonyms:

Every day the little dog raced around the house until its owner took it for a short walk.

Grammar

Synonyms are words that have **similar meanings** to each another

Spot the pair of synonyms:

Every day the **little** dog raced around the house until its owner took it for a **short** walk.

Grammar

Verbs: _____

Spot the verbs:

He is nearly ready to go to town and buy food.

Grammar

Verbs are **'doing'** or **'being'** words

Spot the verbs:

He **is** nearly ready to **go** to town and **buy** food.